

Section 1. Identification

Product name : X-CIDE™ 207 INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOCIDE
™ a trademark of Baker Hughes Incorporated.

Product code : XC207

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Microbiocide

Print date : 3/11/2015.

Validation date : 3/11/2015.

Version : 1

Supplier's details : Baker Petrolite
A Baker Hughes Company
12645 W. Airport Blvd.
Sugar Land, TX 77478
For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606
(8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. cst, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)
Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606
(001)281-276-5400
CANUTEC: 613-996-6666 (Canada 24 hours)
CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause cancer.
Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. Butyl rubber gloves.. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Response** : Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- Storage** : Store locked up.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Diatomaceous earth, calcined	30 - 60	91053-39-3
Sodium nitrate	5 - 10	7631-99-4
5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	3 - 7	26172-55-4
2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	1 - 5	2682-20-4
Crystalline silica: cristobalite	0.1 - 1	14464-46-1
Crystalline silica: Quartz (SiO ₂)	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash affected area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20 - 60 minutes. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : pain, watering, redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : This material is very toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, halogenated compounds, metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Remark** : Avoid temperature extremes. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Hazardous combustion products may include hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen and sulfur.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Dike spill area and do not allow product to reach sewage system or surface or ground water. Notify any reportable spill to authorities. (See section 12 for environmental risks and 13 for disposal information.) Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			
Ingredients:	List name	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	Notations
Diatomaceous earth, calcined	US ACGIH	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
	US ACGIH	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	OSHA PEL	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
	OSHA PEL	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[d]
5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	Supplier	-	0.076	-	-	0.23	-	-	-	-	
	Supplier	-	-	1.5 µg/ m ³	-	4.5	-	-	-	-	
Crystalline silica: cristobalite	US ACGIH	-	0.025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	OSHA PEL 1989	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c][A]
Crystalline silica: Quartz (SiO ₂) Crystalline silica: Quartz (SiO ₂), as quartz	US ACGIH	-	0.025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	OSHA PEL 1989	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c][A]

Form: [a]Inhalable fraction. [b]Respirable fraction [c]Respirable dust [d]Total dust

Notes: [A]as quartz

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Only components of this product with established exposure limits appear in the box above.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant gloves: Nitrile gloves. Butyl rubber gloves.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Skin protection** : Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Additional information

Substance may be harmful if swallowed. In extreme cases (ingestion) may cause liver and/or kidney damage.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Solid. [Granular.]
- Color** : Tan. Red.
- Odor** : Mild.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : Not available.
- Initial Boiling Point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >93.4°C (>200.1°F) [SFCC]
- Burning time** : Not available.
- Burning rate** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Avoid temperature extremes. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Hazardous combustion products may include hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen and sulfur.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : 2.1 kPa (15.8 mm Hg) @ 21°C (Calculated Value for all Components.)
- Vapor density** : >1 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Density** : 6 (lbs/gal)
- Solubility in water** : Dispersible
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- VOC** : Not available.
- Pour Point** : -29°C (-20.2°F)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials and acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Sodium nitrate 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1267 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	0.33 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	660 mg/kg	-
X-CIDE™ 207 INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOCIDE	LD50 Oral	Rat	457 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

No applicable toxicity data

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Skin Irritation Score = 4 (Extreme Irritant/Corrosive).

Eyes : Eye Irritation Score = 4 (Extreme Irritant/Corrosive).

Sensitization

No applicable toxicity data

Mutagenicity

No applicable toxicity data

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Sodium nitrate	-	2A	-
Crystalline silica: cristobalite	None.	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Crystalline silica: Quartz (SiO ₂)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

No applicable toxicity data

Teratogenicity

No applicable toxicity data

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Crystalline silica: Quartz (SiO ₂)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Crystalline silica: Quartz (SiO ₂)	Category 1	Not determined	respiratory tract

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1242.9 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Sodium nitrate	Acute EC50 522 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 161 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 323 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Coregonus clupeaformis - Embryo	120 days
5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	Acute EC50 0.021 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.062 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	4 days
	Acute EC50 13 ppm Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	Acute LC50 0.19 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ppm Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 ppm	Fish - Pimephales promelas	36 days
	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
X-CIDE™ 207 INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOCIDES	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.





Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3261	UN3261	UN3261	UN3261
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (Contains: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one)	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (Contains: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one)	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (Contains: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one)	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N. O.S. (Contains: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one)

Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)	8 	8 	8 	8 
Packing group	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	-	-	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A S-B	-

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

DOT Reportable Quantity : Not applicable.

Marine pollutant : 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one
2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

North-America NAERG : 154

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 12(b) one-time export:** 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one; 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one
TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

SARA 302/304 : No products were found.

SARA 311/312 Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	Sodium nitrate	7631-99-4	5 - 10

Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL): : All components are listed or exempted.
Additional information

Section 15. Regulatory information

This product is subject to regulation under the US Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide ACT (FIFRA) and is therefore exempt from US Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory listing requirements.

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals.

Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

DANGER

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if absorbed through the skin. Harmful if inhaled or swallowed. This product may cause skin sensitization reactions in some people. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Mixers, loaders, applicators and all other handlers must wear: coveralls over longsleeved shirt and long pants; socks and chemical resistant footwear; goggles or face shield; chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material; and a chemical resistant apron when mixing and loading. Discard clothing or other materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separate from other laundry. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly.

This chemical is toxic to terrestrial and aquatic plants, fish and aquatic invertebrates.

Section 16. Other information

[National Fire Protection Association \(U.S.A.\)](#)



[History](#)

Date of printing : 3/11/2015.

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

[Notice to reader](#)

NOTE: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate. Baker Hughes, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product.

This SDS was prepared and is to be used for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.